

UNT

Dispoſe already of th' *untaken* ſpoil. *Waller.*
 Otherwiſe the whole buſineſs had miſcarried, and Jeruſalem remain'd *untaken*. *Dryden.*
 A thouſand ſchemes the monarch's mind employ;
 Elate in thought, he ſacks *untaken* Troy. *Pope.*
 2. *UNTAKEN up.* Not filled.
 The narrow limits of this diſcourſe, will leave no more room *untaken up* by heaven. *Boyle.*
UNTA'LED *af. adj.* Not mentioned in the world.
 Spread thy cloſe curtain, love-performing night,
 That the runaway's eyes may wink, and Romeo
 Leap to theſe arms, *untalk'd of* and unſeen. *Shakeſpeare.*
 No happineſs can be, where is no reſt;
 Th' unknown, *untalk'd of* man is only bleſt. *Dryden.*
UNTA'NEABLE *adj.* Not to be tamed; not to be ſubdued.
 Gold is ſo *untameable* by the fire, that after many meltings
 and violent heats, it does ſcarce diminifh. *Wilkins.*
 He is ſwifter than any other bull, and *untameable*. *Grew.*
UNTA'NED *adj.* Not ſubdued; not ſuppreſſed.
 A people very ſtubborn and *untamed*; or, if ever tamed,
 yet lately have quite ſhooken off their yoke, and broken
 the bonds of their obedience. *Spencer's Ireland.*
 What death has heav'n deſign'd,
 For ſo *untam'd*, ſo turbulent a mind! *Dryden.*
 Man alone acts more contrary to nature, than the wild and
 moſt *untamed* part of the creation. *Locke.*
 To *UNTA'NGLE* *v. a.* To looſe from intricacy or convolu-
 tion.
 O time, thou muſt *untangle* this, not I;
 It is too hard a knot for me t'*untie*. *Shakeſpeare.*
 This is that very Mab,
 That takes the ellocks, in ſoul, ſluttish hairs,
 Which, once *untangl'd*, much miſfortune bodes. *Shakeſp.*
 I'll give thee up my bow and dart;
Untangle but this cruel chain,
 And freely let me fly again. *Prior.*
UNTA'STED *adj.* Not taſted; not tried by the palate.
 The tall ſtag reſolves to try
 The combat next; but if the cry
 Invades again his trembling ears,
 He ſtraight reſumes his wonted care;
 Leaves the *untasted* ſpring behind,
 And, wing'd with fear, outflies the wind. *Waller.*
 If he chance to find
 A new repaſt, or an *untasted* ſpring,
 Bleſſes his ſtars, and thinks it luxury. *Addiſon's Cato.*
UNTA'STING *adj.*
 1. Not perceiving any taſte.
 Cydonian oil,
 Whoſe balmy juice glides o'er th' *untasting* tongue. *Smith.*
 2. Not trying by the palate.
UNTAUGHT *adj.*
 1. Uninſtructed; uneducated; ignorant; unlettered.
 A lie is continually in the mouth of the *untaught*. *Eccl. xxi.*
 Taught, or *untaught*, the dunce is ſtill the ſame;
 Yet ſtill the wretched maſter bears the blame. *Dryden.*
 On ev'ry thorn delightful wiſdom grows,
 In ev'ry ſtream a ſweet inſtruction flows;
 But ſome *untaught* o'erhear the whiſp'ring rill,
 In ſpite of ſacred leiſure, blockheads ſtill. *Tenning.*
 2. Debar'd from inſtruction.
 He, that from a child *untaught*, or a wild inhabitant of the
 woods, will expect principles of ſciences, will find himſelf
 miſtaken. *Locke.*
 3. Unſkilled; new; not having uſe or praſtice.
 Suffolk's imperial tongue is ſtern and rough,
 Us'd to command, *untaught* to plead for favour. *Shakeſpeare.*
 To *UNTA'ACH* *v. a.* To make to quit, or forget what has
 been inculcated.
 That elder berries are poiſon, as we are taught by tra-
 dition, experience will *untaach* us. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*
 Their cuſtoms are by nature wrought;
 But we, by art, *untaach* what nature taught. *Dryden.*
UNTEMPERED *adj.* Not tempered.
 One built up a wall, and others daubed it with *untemper'd*
 mortar. *Ezek. xlii. 10.*
UNTEMPERED *adj.*
 1. Not embarras'd by temptation.
 In temptation diſpute not, but rely upon God, and con-
 tend not with him but in prayer, and with the help of a pru-
 dent *untemper'd* guide. *Taylor's Rule of Living Holy.*
 2. Not invited by any thing alluring.
Untempted, or by wager or by price,
 He would attempt to climb the precipice. *Cotton on the Peak.*
UNTE'NABLE *adj.*
 1. Not to be held in poſſeſſion.
 2. Not capable of defence.
 He produced a warrant, that the town being *untenable*,
 he ſhould retire. *Carrion, b. viii.*
 Caſaubon abandons a poſt that was *untenable*. *Dryden.*

UNT

UNTER'ANTED *adj.* Having no tenant.
 The country ſeems to be full ſtock'd with cattle, no ground
 being *unteranted*. *Temple.*
UNTER'ENED *adj.* Not having any attendance.
 They ſall, unleſt, *unterend*, and unmourn'd. *Temple.*
UNTER'ER *adj.* Wanting ſoftneſs; wanting affection.
 Goes thy heart with this? —
 —Aye, my lord —
 —So young, and ſo *unterer*? —
 —So young, my lord, and true. *Shakeſpeare.*
UNTER'ERED *adj.* Not offered.
 Caſſibelan granted Rome a tribute,
 Yearly three thouſand pounds; which by theſe lately
 Is left *unterer'd*. *Shakeſpeare's Cymbeline.*
 To *UNTER'NT* *v. a.* To bring out of a tent.
 Will he not, upon our fair requeſt,
 Untent his perſon, and ſhare the air with us? *Shakeſpeare.*
UNTER'NTED *adj.* [from *tent*.] Having no medicaments applied.
 Blaiſts and fogs upon thee!
 Th' *unternted* woundings of a father's curſe
 Pierce every ſence about thee! *Shakeſpeare's K. Lear.*
UNTER'RIED *adj.* Not affrighted; not ſtruck with fear.
 Among innumerable falſe, unmov'd,
 Unſhaken, unſeduc'd, *unterried*. *Milton.*
 To ſuccour the diſtreſt; to give help
 To an afflicted mother,
 Unbrib'd by love, *unterried* by threats;
 Theſe are exploits worthy Achilles' ſon. *A. Philoſ.*
UNTHA'NKED *adj.*
 1. Not repaid with acknowledgment of a kindneſs.
 If all the world
 Should in a pet of temperance feed on pulſe,
 Drink the clear ſtream, and nothing wear but freeze,
 Th' all-giver wou'd be *unthank'd*, wou'd be unprais'd. *Mil.*
 Their batter'd admiral too ſoon withdrew,
Unthank'd by ours for his unſuſtain'd fight. *Dryden.*
 2. Not received with thankſulneſs.
 For'd from her preſence, and condemn'd to live;
 Unwelcome freedom, and *unthank'd* reprieve. *Dryden.*
UNTHA'NKFUL *adj.* Ungrateful; returning no acknowl-
 edgment for good received.
 The calling away of things profitable for ſuſtenance, is an
unthankful abuſe of the fruits. *Hobbes.*
 He is kind to the *unthankful*. *Lucret. 35.*
 They which he created, were *unthankful* unto him which
 prepared life for them. *2 Eſdr. viii.*
 If you reckon that for evil, you are *unthankful* for the
 bleſſing. *Taylor's Rule of Holy Living.*
 The bare ſuppoſal of one petty loſs, makes us *unthankful*
 for all that's left. *L'Eſtrange.*
UNTHA'NKFULLY *adv.* Without thanks; without gratitude.
 I judg'd it requiſite to ſay ſomething, to prevent my being
 thought to have *unthankfully* taken one of the chief paſſages
 of my diſcourſe from a book, to which I was utterly a
 ſtranger. *Boyle.*
UNTHA'NKFULNESS *n. f.* Neglect or omiſſion of acknowl-
 edgment for good received; want of ſenſe of benefits; in-
 gratitude.
 Thou diſt in thine *unthankfulneſs*; and thine ignorance
 makes thee away. *Shakeſpeare.*
 Immoderate favours breed fiſt *unthankfulneſs*, and afterwards
 hate. *Hayward.*
 The unthankful ſtand reckon'd among the moſt enormous
 ſinners, which evinces the virtue oppoſite to *unthankfulneſs*, to
 bear the ſame place in the rank of duties. *Saunders's Sermons.*
UNTHA'WED *adj.* Not diſſolved after froſt.
 Your wine lock'd up,
 Or fiſh deny'd, the river yet *unthaw'd*. *Pope.*
 To *UNTHA'NK* *v. a.* To recal, or diſmiſs a thought.
Unthank your ſpeaking, and ſay ſo no more. *Shakeſp.*
UNTHINKING *adj.* Thoughtleſs; not given to reflection.
 Grey-headed infant! and in vain grown old;
 Art thou to learn, that in another's gold
 Lie charms reſtleſs! that all laugh to find
Unthinking plainneſs ſo o'erſpread thy mind. *Dryden.*
 An effectual remedy for the wandering of thoughts who-
 ever ſhall propoſe, would do great ſervice to the ſtudioſus, and
 perhaps help *unthinking* men to become thinking. *Locke.*
 The *unthinking* part contract an unreaſonable averſion to
 that eccleſiaſtical conſtitution.
 With earneſt eyes, and round *unthinking* face,
 He fiſt the ſuſt-box open'd, then the caſe. *Pope.*
UNTHO'RWY *adj.* Not obſtructed by prickles.
 It was ſome extenuation of the curſe, if in *untho'rw*
 it were conſiſtent to corporal exertions, and there ſtill
 remained a paradise, or *untho'rw* place of knowledge. *Brown.*
UNTHO'UGH *of. adj.* Not regarded; not heeded.
 That ſhall be the day, where'er it lights,
 This gallant Hotſpur, this all-prais'd knight,
 And your *unthought of* Harry chance to meet. *Shakeſpeare.*

UNT

To *UNTHREW* *v. a.* To looſe.
 He with his bare wand can *unthrew* thy joints, *Milton.*
 And crumble all thy ſinews.
UNTHREW'ENED *adj.* Not menaced.
 Sir John Hotham was unreprouched, and *unthreated*, by
 any language of mine. *K. Charlet.*
UNTHRIFT *n. f.* An extravagant; a prodigal.
 My rights and royalties
 Pluckt from my arms perforce, and giv'n away
 To upſtart *unthrifts*. *Shakeſpeare.*
 The curious *unthrif* makes his cloaths too wide,
 And ſpares himſelf, but would his taylor chide. *Herbert.*
 Yet nothing ſtill; then poor and naked come;
 Thy father will receive his *unthrif* home,
 And thy bleſt Saviour's blood diſcharge the mighty ſum. *Dryden.*
UNTHRIFT *adj.* Prouſe; waſteful; prodigal; extravagant.
 In ſuch a night,
 Did Jeſſica ſteal from the wealthy Jew,
 And, with an *unthrif* love, did run from Venice. *Shakeſp.*
UNTHRIFTILY *adv.* Without frugality.
 Our attainments cannot be overlarge, and yet we manage
 a narrow fortune very *unthriftily*. *Collier.*
UNTHRIFTINESS *n. f.* Waſte; prodigality; proſuſion.
 The third ſort are the poor by idleneſs or *unthriftness*, as
 riotous ſpenders, vagabonds, loiterers. *Hayward.*
 The more they have hitherto embroiled their parts, the
 more ſhould they endeavour to expiate that *unthriftness*, by a
 more careful managery for the future. *Government of the Tongue.*
UNTHRIFTY *adj.*
 1. Prodigal; prouſe; laſt; waſteful.
 The cattle I found of good ſtrength, having a great mote
 round about it; the work of a noble gentleman, of whoſe
unthrif ſon he had bought it. *Sidney, b. ii.*
 Can no man tell me of my *unthrif* ſon? *Shakeſpeare.*
 Our abſence makes us *unthrif* to our knowledge. *Shakeſp.*
 2. Not eaſily made to thrive or fatten. A low word.
 Grains given to a hide-bound or *unthrif* horſe, recover
 him. *Mortimer's Huſbandry.*
UNTHRIVING *adj.* Not thriving; not proſpering; not grow-
 ing rich.
 Let all who thus unhappily employ their inventive faculty,
 conſider, how *unthriving* a trade it is finally like to prove,
 that their falſe accuſations of others will rebound in true ones
 on themſelves. *Government of the Tongue.*
 To *UNTHROWNE* *v. a.* To pull down from a throne.
 Him to *unthrowne*, we then
 May hope, when everlaſting fate ſhall yield
 To ſickle chances, and chaos judge the ſtrife. *Milton.*
 To *UNTIE* *v. a.*
 1. To unbind; to free from bonds.
 Though you *untie* the winds, and let them fight
 Againſt the churches; though the veſty waves
 Confound and ſwallow navigation up. *Shakeſp. Macbeth.*
 2. To looſen from convolution or knot.
 All that of myſelf is mine,
 Lovely Amoret, is thine;
 Sachariffa's captive ſlain
 Would *untie* his iron chain;
 And thoſe ſcorching beams to ſhun,
 To thy gentle ſhadow run.
 The chain I'll in return *untie*,
 And freely thou again ſhalt fly.
 The fury heard; while on Cocytus' brink,
 Her ſnakes, *untied*, ſulphureous waters drink. *Pope.*
 3. To ſet free from any obſtruction.
 All the evils of an *untied* tongue, we put upon the ac-
 counts of drunkenneſs. *Taylor.*
 4. To reſolve; to clear.
 They quicken ſtoll, perplexities *untie*;
 Make roughneſs ſmooth, and hardneſs mollifie. *Denham.*
 A little more ſtudy will ſolve thoſe difficulties, *untie* the
 knot, and make your doubts vaniſh. *Watts.*
UNTYED *adj.*
 1. Not bound; not gathered in a knot.
 Her hair
 Unty'd, and ignorant of artful aid,
 A-down her ſhoulders looſely lay diſplay'd. *Prior.*
 2. Not faſtened by any binding, or knot.
 Your hoſe ſhould be ungartered, your ſhoe *untied*, and
 every thing about you demonſtrating a careleſs deſola-
 tion. *Shakeſpeare.*
UNTYED *adv.*
 1. To the time that.
 Treafons are acted,
 As ſoon as thought; though they are never believ'd
 Until they come to act. *Denham.*
 2. To the place that.
 In open proſpect nothing bounds our eye,
 Until the earth ſeems join'd unto the ſky. *Dryden.*
UNTYED *prep.* To. Unty'd of time. The other uſe is ob-
 ſolete.

UNT

So ſoon as he from far deſery'd
 Thoſe glitt'ring arms, that heaven with light did fill,
 He rouſ'd himſelf full blithe, and haſten'd them until. *S. Oſſer.*
UNTILLED *adj.* Not cultivated.
 The glebe *untill'd*, might plenteous crops have born;
 Rich fruits and flow'rs, without the gard'ner's pains,
 Might ev'ry hill have crown'd, have honour'd all the plains. *Blackmore on the Creation.*
 Lands lain long *untill'd*, contract a ſour juice, which
 cauſes the land to run to unproſtable trumpery. *Mortimer.*
 The ſoil *untill'd*, a ready harveſt yields;
 With wheat and barley wave the golden fields. *Pope.*
UNTIMBERED *adj.* Not furniſhed with timber; weak.
 Where's then the ſaucy boat,
 Whoſe weak *untimber'd* ſides but even now
 Co-riol'd greatness? or to harbour fled,
 Or made a toaſt for Neptune? *Shakeſpeare.*
UNTIMELY *adj.* Happening before the natural time.
 Boundleſs intemperance hath been
 Th' *untimely* emptying of the happy throne. *Shakeſpeare.*
 Matrons and maids
 With tears lament the knight's *untimely* fate. *Dryden.*
 Such were the notes thy once-lov'd poet ſung,
 Till death *untimely* ſtopp'd his tuneful tongue. *Pope.*
UNTIMELY *adv.* Before the natural time.
 He only fair, and what he fair hath made;
 All other fair, like flowers *untimely* fade. *Spencer.*
 If ever he have child, abortive be it;
 Prodigious and *untimely* brought to light. *Shakeſpeare.*
 Butchers, and villains!
 How ſweet a plant have you *untimely* crop'd? *Shakeſpeare.*
 Call up our friends,
 And let them know what we mean to do,
 And what's *untimely* done. *Shakeſp. Hamlet.*
 Why came I ſo *untimely* forth
 Into a world, which, wanting thee,
 Cou'd entertain us with no worth? *Waller.*
UNTINGED *adj.*
 1. Not ſtained; not diſcoloured.
 It appears what beams are *untinged*, and which paint the
 primary, or ſecondary iris. *Boyle on Colours.*
 2. Not infected.
 Your inattention I cannot pardon; Pope has the ſame de-
 ſect, neither is Bolingbroke *untinged* with it. *Swift to Gay.*
UNTRIABLE *adj.* Indefatigable; unwearied.
 A moſt incomparable man, breath'd as it were
 To an *untriable* and continue goodneſs. *Shakeſpeare.*
UNTRIED *adj.* Not made weary.
 Hath he ſo long held out with me *untried*,
 And ſtops he now for breath? *Shakeſp. Rich. III.*
 See great Marcellus! how *untried* in toils,
 He moves with manly grace, how rich with regal ſpoils! *Dry.*
UNTYLED *adj.* [un and *tyl*.] Having no title.
 O nation miſerable!
 With an *untitled* tyrant, bloody ſcepter'd;
 When ſhalt thou ſee thy wholeſome days again? *Shakeſp.*
UNTO *prep.* [It was the old word for *to*; now obſolete.] To.
 O continue thy loving kindneſs *unto* them. *Pope.*
 It was their hurt untuly to attribute ſuch great power unto
 falſe gods. *Hobbes.*
 She, by her wicked arts, and wily ſkill,
 Unawares me wrought *unto* her wicked will. *Spencer.*
 The uſe of the navel is to continue the infant *unto* the mo-
 ther, and by the veſſels thereof convey its ſuſtentation. *Brown.*
 Children permitted the freedom of both hands, often con-
 ſue *unto* the left. *Brown.*
 Me, when the cold Digentian ſtream revives,
 What does my friend believe I think or aſk?
 Let me yet leſs poſſeſs, ſo I may live,
 What'er of life remains *unto* myſelf. *Temple.*
UNTO'LD *adj.*
 1. Not related.
 Better a thouſand ſuch as I,
 Their grief *untold*, ſhould pine and die;
 Than her bright morning, overcaſt
 With ſullen clouds, ſhould be deſac'd. *Waller.*
 2. Not revealed.
 Characters where obſcene words are very indecent to be
 heard: for that reaſon, ſuch a tale ſhall be left *untold*
 by me. *Dryden.*
UNTOUCHED *adj.*
 1. Not touched; not reached.
 Achilles, though dipt in Styx, yet having his heel *untouched*
 by that water, was ſlain in that part. *Brown's Vulg. Errors.*
 Three men paſſed through a fiery furnace *untouched*,
 unſinged. *Stephen's Sermons.*
 2. Not moved; not affected.
 They, like perſons wholly *untouched* with his agonies, and
 unmoved with his paſſionate intreaties, ſleep away all concern
 for him or themſelves. *Sidney.*
 3. Not